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amd.

where UBUC is the deposition rate of the process with no wafer bias or clamping (unbiased, unclamped), and BUC is the deposition rate of the process with wafer bias and no clamping (biased, unclamped). In one embodiment of the present invention, as the minimized oxygen to silane ratio is used to minimize the oxygen flow rate and to reduce the silane flow rate for depositing a dielectric layer, E/D ratios have also been reduced. Reduced E/D ratios correspond to the overall sputtering rate decreasing, and the aspect ratio gapfill capability increasing. For example, E/D ratios from about 0.0 to about -0.05 have been achieved for void-free gap filling, where the UBUC-deposited film refractive index ranges from about 1.5 to about 1.6.

IN THE CLAIMS

The following is a clean version of the pending claims. In accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.121(c)(1)(ii), Attachment B provides marked-up versions of the claims containing the newly introduced changes. Please amend Claim 1 as indicated.

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1. (Twice Amended) A method for filling a gap during integrated circuit fabrication, comprising:
 - providing a gas mixture comprised of a silicon-containing component and an oxygen-containing component;
 - selecting a flow rate of said silicon-containing component; and
 - performing an HDP-CVD process using the gas mixture to fill the gap with a dielectric having a selected refractive index, wherein the ratio of the oxygen-containing component to the silicon-containing component is substantially the minimum necessary to form the dielectric having the selected refractive index.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein said silicon-containing component comprises no more than 18% total concentration by volume of said gas mixture.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein said silicon-containing component is at a flow rate between about 70 sccm and about 90 sccm.